

ABSTRACT

The purpose of this work is to present the findings of an experimental analysis of structural, magnetic, and magnetocaloric properties of the nanocrystalline manganites, $\text{La}_{0.8}\text{Sr}_{0.15}\text{Na}_{0.05}\text{MnO}_3$ (LSNMO), with size about 50 nm elaborated via sol-gel route. X-ray diffraction presents that LSNMO crystallize in a rhombohedral structure with the $R\bar{3}c$ space group. Magnetic characterizations demonstrate that LSNMO exhibits a coexistence of interacting superparamagnetic (ISPM) phase with blocking temperature $T_B = 194$ K and a ferromagnetic phase with Curie temperature $T_C = 255.5$ K. At low temperatures, the SPM state undergoes a collective freezing state at $T_f = 46$ K. The maximum magnetic entropy change ($-\Delta S_M^{pk}$) is about $1.41 \text{ Jkg}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}$ and the refrigeration capacity (RC) is 288 Jkg^{-1} for a field change of 5 T at $T = 215$ K. The magnetocaloric response is reasonably high compared to the bulk materials, and this makes nanoparticles of LSNMO a potential candidate material for active magnetic refrigerators.